



	Task parallelism	Divide and conquer	Geometric decomposition	Recursive data	Pipeline	Event-based coordination
ILP					·	
DLP						
TLP						

	Task parallelism	Divide and conquer	Geometric decomposition	Recursive data	Pipeline	Event-based coordination
ILP	inline / unroll	inline	unroll	inline	inline / unroll	inline
DLP	natural or local- conditions	after enough divisions	natural	after enough branches	difficult	local- condition
TLP	natural	natural	natural	natural	natural	natural

	SPMD	Loop Parallelism	Mater/Worker	Fork/Join
ILP				
DLP				
TLP				

	SPMD	Loop Parallelism	Mater/Worker	Fork/Join
ILP	pipeline	unroll	inline	inline
DLP	natural or local- conditional	natural	local-conditional	after enough divisions + local-conditional
TLP	natural	natural	natural	natural

Sec. Co	Outline
• M	Adecular dynamics example Problem description Steps to solution • Build data structures: Compute forces: Integrate for new: positions: Check global solution: Repeat = Finding concurrency • Scans: data decomposition; reductions = Algorithm structure = Supporting structures
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58	Gromacs Components	
	Non-bonded forces • Water-water with cutoff • Protein-protein tabulated • Water-water tabulated Bonded forces • Angles • Dihedrals Boundary conditions Verlet integrator Constraints • SHAKE • SETLE Other • Temperature-pressure coupling • Virial calculation	
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## Improving Efficiency

- A common parallel algorithm pattern:
   Balanced Trees
  - Build a balanced binary tree on the input data and sweep it to and from the root
  - Tree is not an actual data structure, but a concept to determine what each UE does at each step

## For scan:

- Traverse down from leaves to root building partial sums at internal nodes in the tree
   Root holds sum of all leaves
- Traverse back up the tree building the scan from the partial sums

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									Each   correspo
									to a single OE.





• Many	to one
- Mon	
<ul> <li>iviany</li> </ul>	tomany
– Simj	oly multiple reductions
• /	Also known as scatter-add and subset of parallel prefix sums
<ul> <li>Use</li> </ul>	
– Histo	ograms
- Sup	erposition
• [	Physical properties
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