

# EE382N-20 Computer Architecture Parallelism and Locality Fall 2011, Lecture 1

Mattan Erez

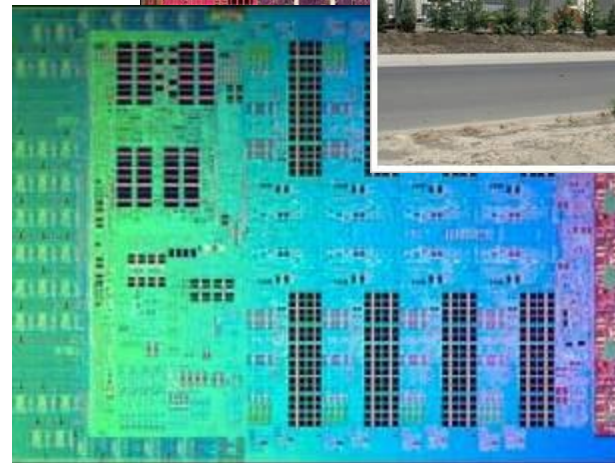
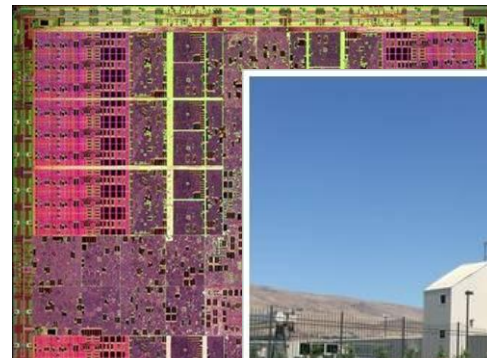
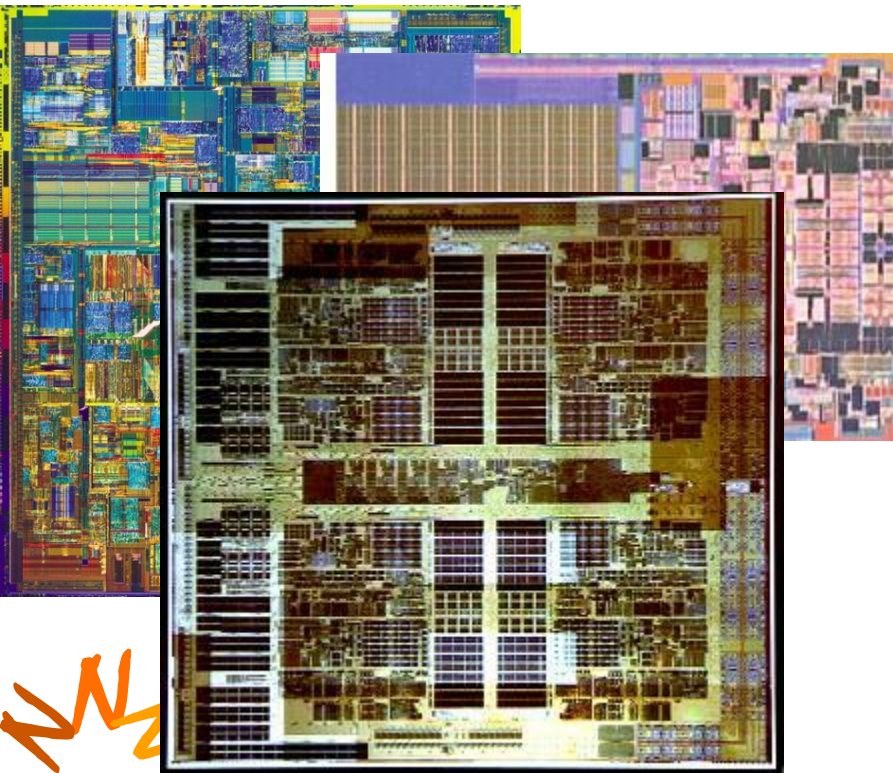


The University of Texas at Austin



# What is this class about?

- Computer architecture
- Principles in computer architecture
  - Parallelism
  - Locality
  - Hierarchy



# What is this class about?

- Computer architecture
- Principles in computer architecture
  - Parallelism
  - Locality
  - Hierarchy
- Advanced class computer architecture
  - Problems
  - Principles
  - Solutions
- Get some original research started



# Outline (for today)

- Quick intro to computer architecture
  - What is it
  - What are the main challenges today
- What are parallelism, locality, and hierarchy
  - Why are they principles
  - How do they address the challenges
- Topics we'll cover in class
- Class procedures and expectations
- Other technicalities

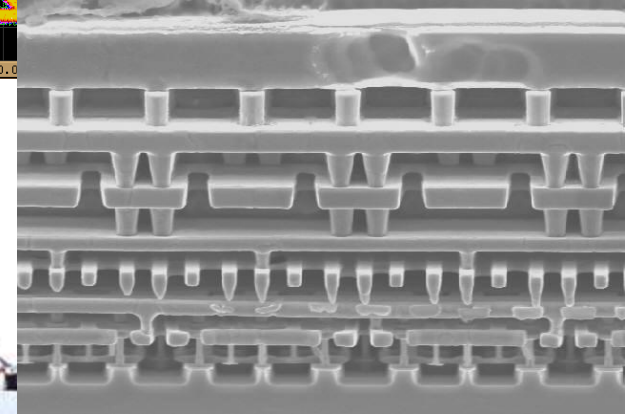
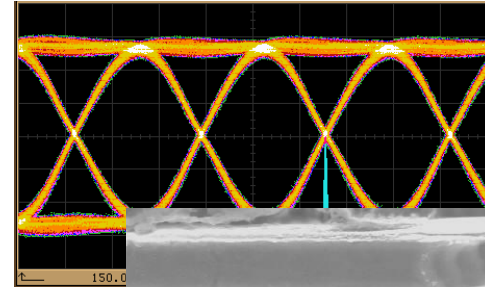


# What is Architecture?

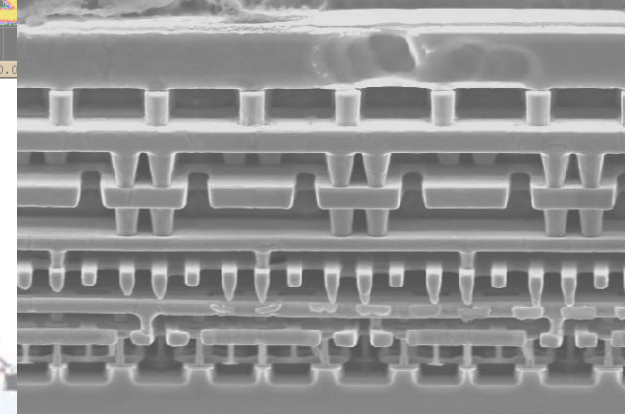
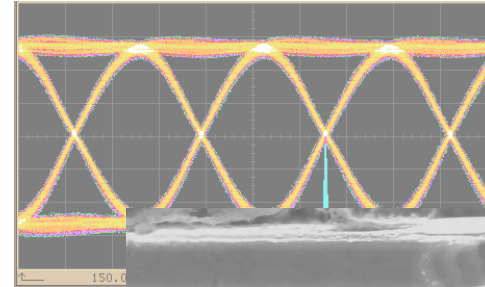
***Form follows function*** Louis Sullivan



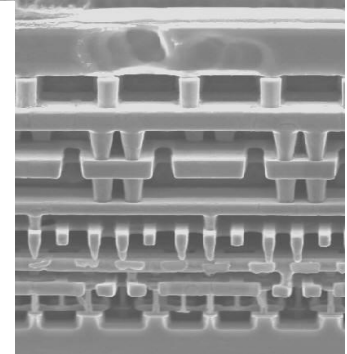
# Computer Architects Match Hardware Technology with User Requirements



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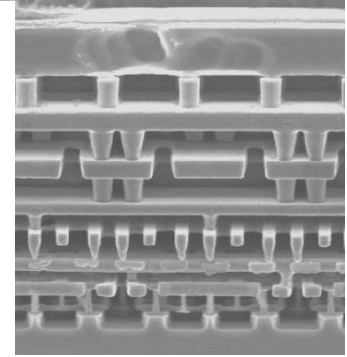
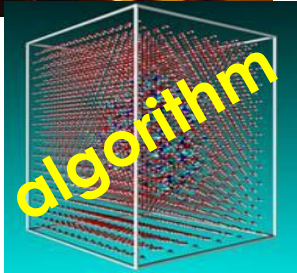


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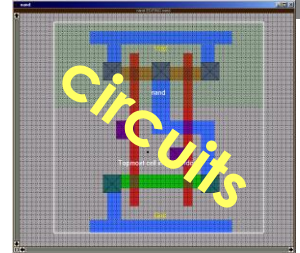
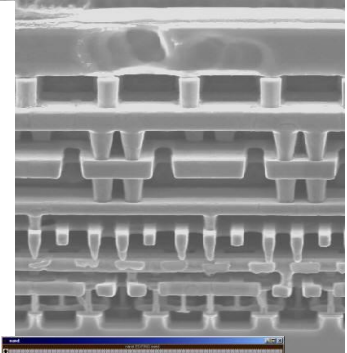
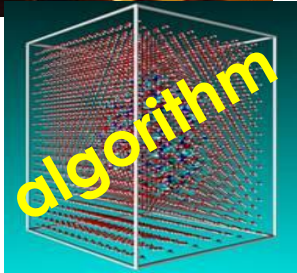




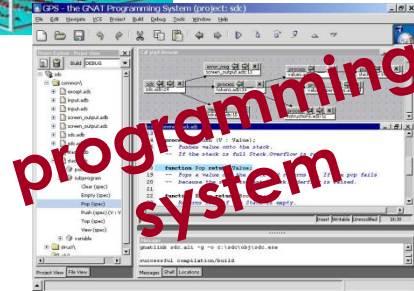
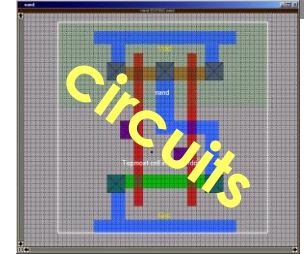
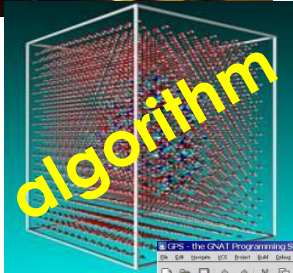
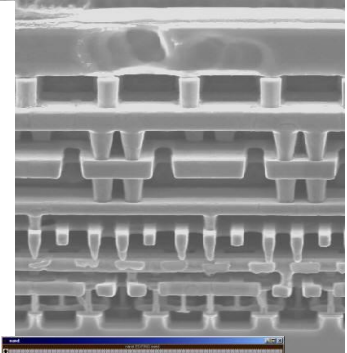
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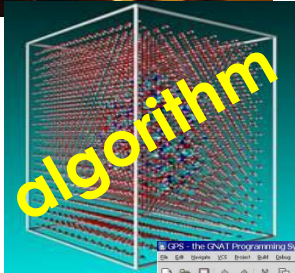
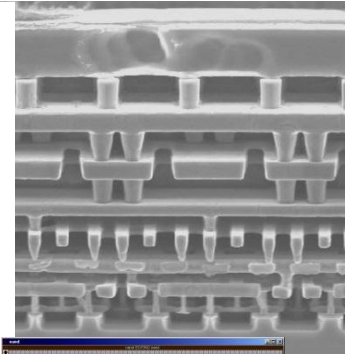
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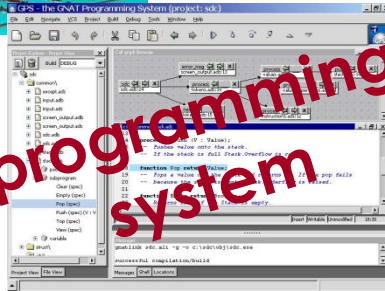
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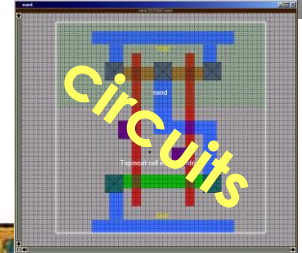
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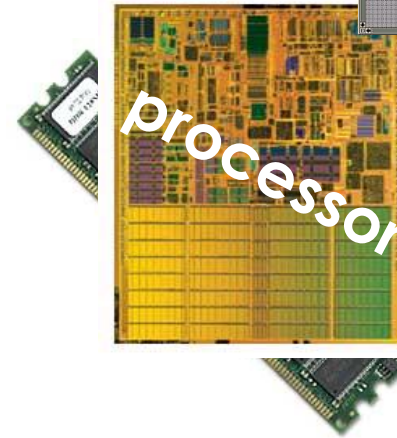
algorithm



programming system



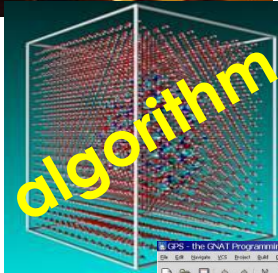
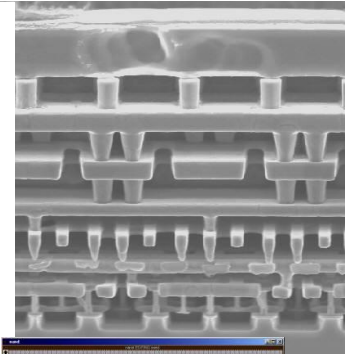
circuits



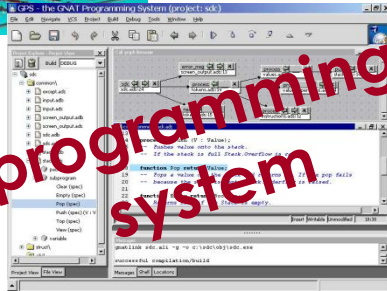
processor



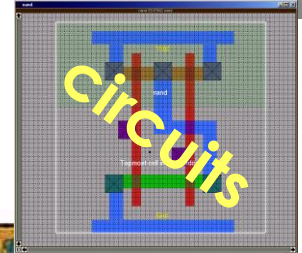
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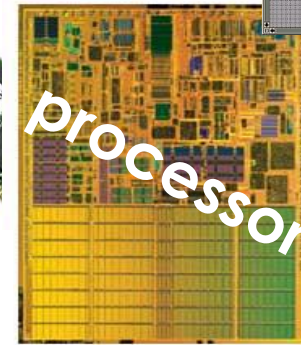
algorithm



programming system



circuits



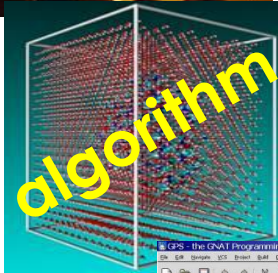
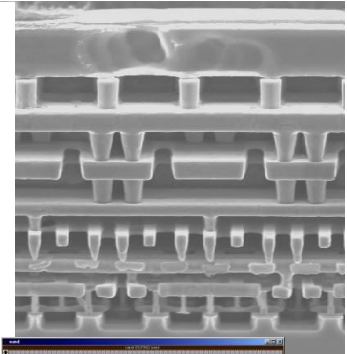
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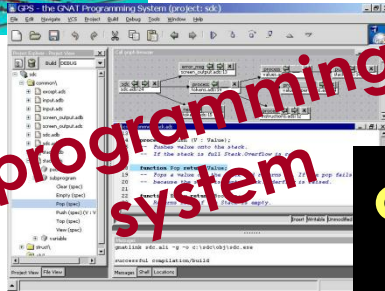
OS + HW system



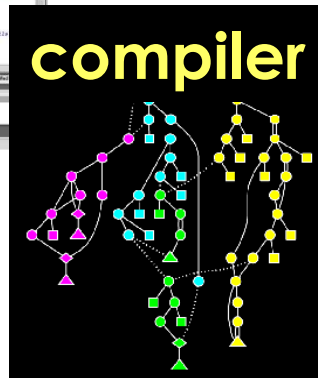
# Computer Architects Match Hardware Technology with User Requirements



algorithm



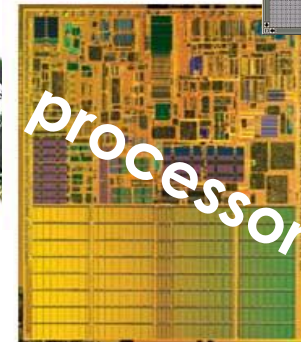
programming system



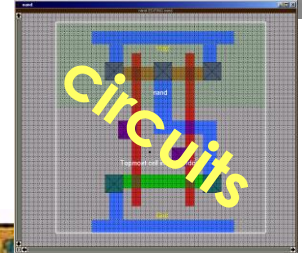
compiler



OS + HW system



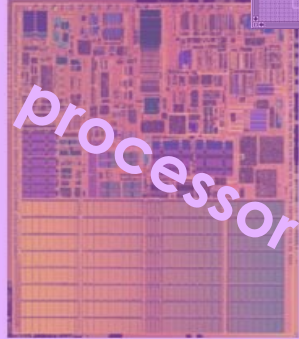
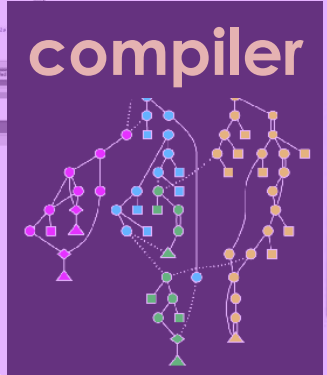
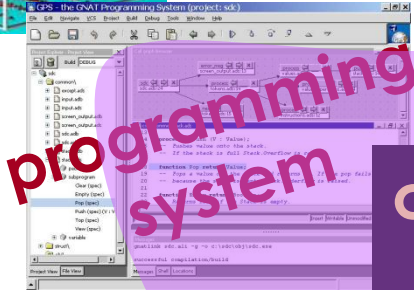
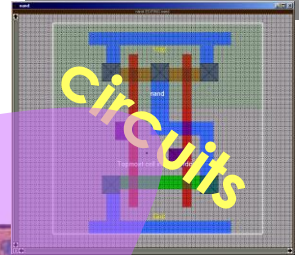
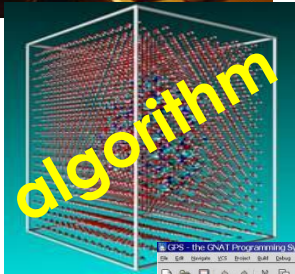
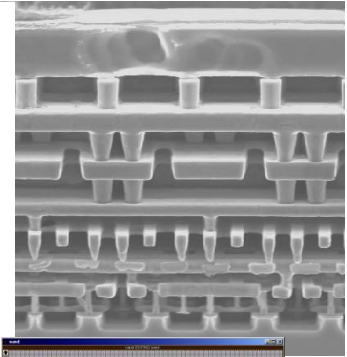
processor



circuits



# Computer Architects Match Hardware Technology with User Requirements



# Five “major” Challenges for Computer Architects

“The number of people saying  
Moore’s Law is dead  
doubles every 18 months”





# The Performance Challenge

## Wireless communications (3G, UWB, ...)



- Higher data rates
- More complex air interfaces

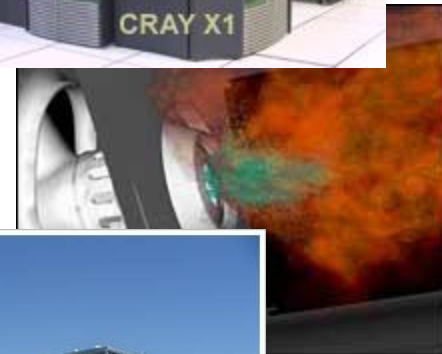
## Workstations (Games, CAD)



- Higher resolution
- Realism
- Accuracy

## Supercomputers (Scientific simulations)

- Fidelity
- Time scales



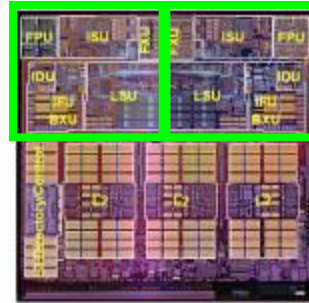
# The Efficiency Challenge

## Embedded



- Battery life and heat
- Commodity and volume

## Mainstream “CPUs”



- Peak power
- Cooling

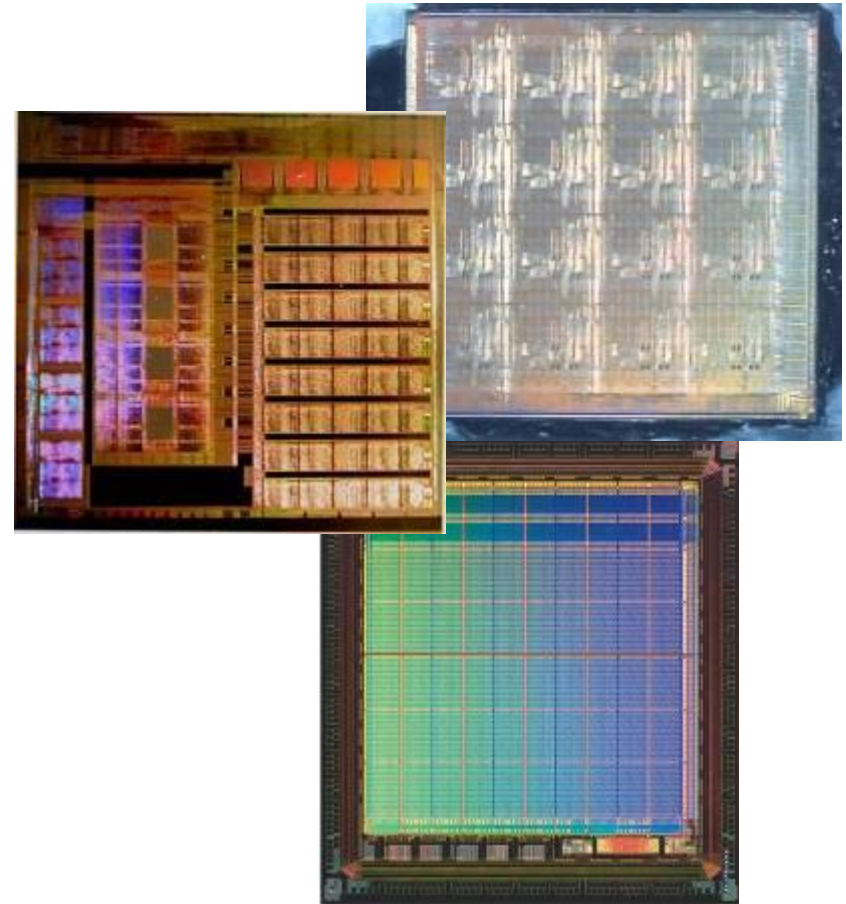
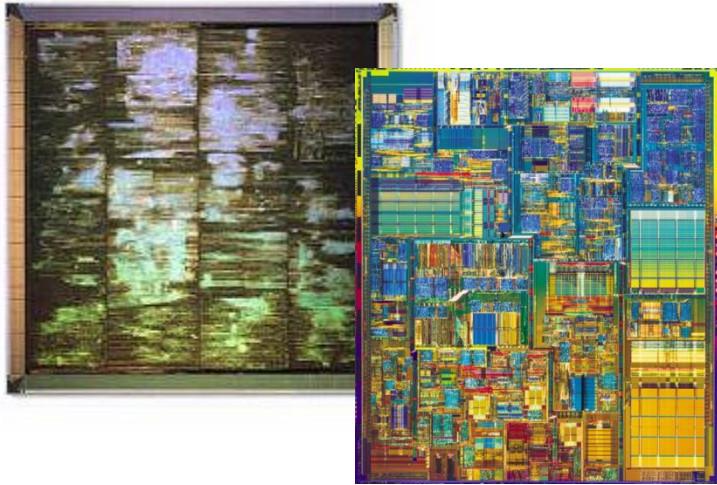
## Supercomputers



- Energy bill (10 MW)
- Price/performance



# The Designability Challenge



- Place & Rout  
billions of device?
- Verification?



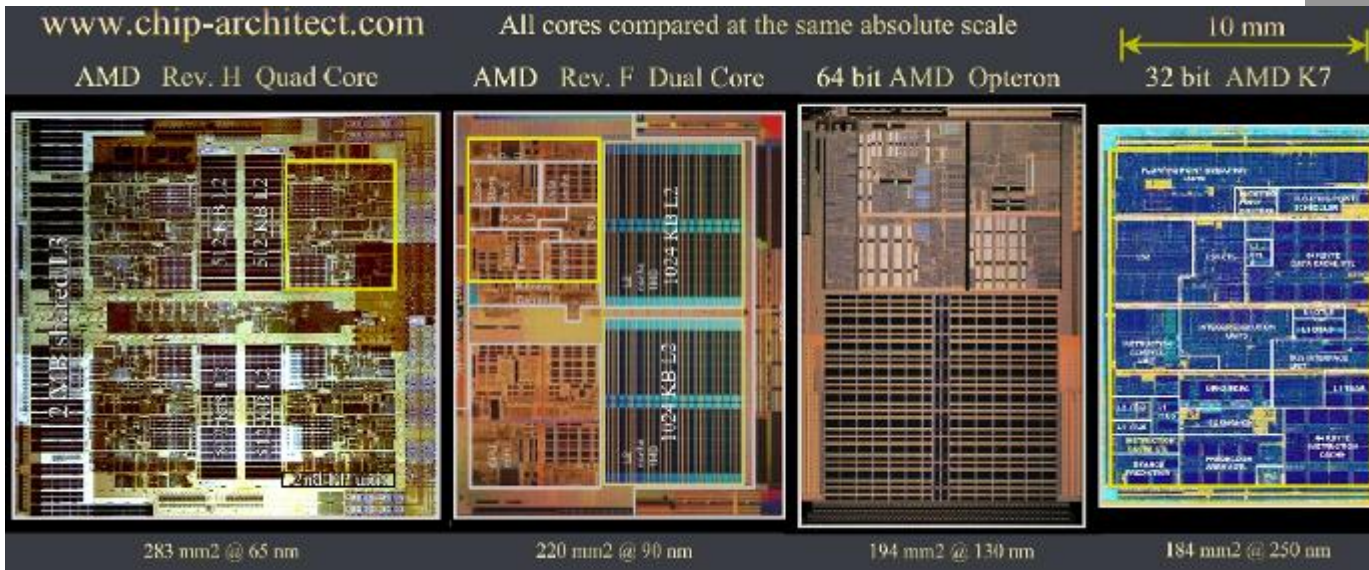
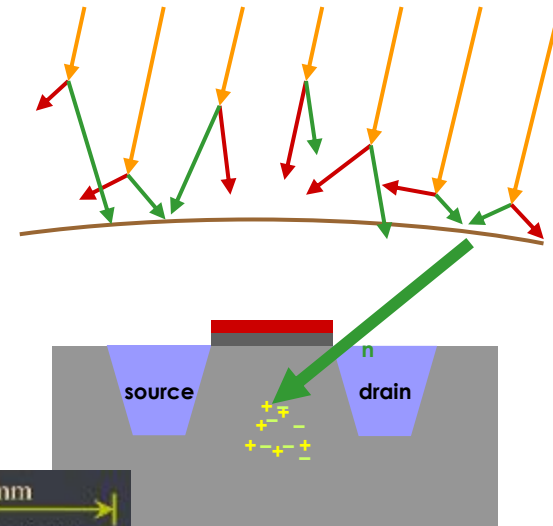
# The Programmability Challenge

- Programmability reduces cost, enables adaptation, and improves time-to-market
  - Multiple modes
  - Evolving standards
  - Evolving features, differentiation
  - Design/tooling costs



# The Reliability Challenge

- More devices
- Smaller devices
- Greater variability



# What can we do?

- Specialize more
  - But still innovate on algorithms
- Compute less and store less
  - Use better algorithms
- **Proportionality: waste less**
  - Different applications and scenarios have different requirements
  - Main ways to save: locality, parallelism, and hierarchy



# Overall Approach

**Application layer:**  
numerical methods, DSLs

**Portability and tuning layer**

**HW-aware  
abstractions**



**Automatic  
transformations**

**Architecture layer:**  
mechanisms

**Physical component layer:**  
power, bandwidth, performance



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**Rest of class was on the whiteboard**

